the matter of complaints against judges:—

"The Chief Justice of the High Court has the competence to receive complaints against the conduct of the Judges of his court and when he receives any, he would look into it for finding out if it deserves to be closely looked into. Where he is satisfied that the matter requires to be examined, he shall have facts ascertained in such manner as he considers appropriate keeping the nature of allegations in view and if he is of the opinion that the matter is such that it should be reported to the Chief Justice of India he shall do so.

The Chief Justice of India shall act in a similar manner in regard to complaints relating to conduct of Judges of the Supreme Court and in regard to conduct of Chief Justices of the High Courts.

On the basis of the facts ascertained the Chief Justice of High Court or the Supreme Court, as the case may be shall take such appropriate action as may be considered proper keeping the interests of the judiciary as the paramount consideration.

RBI Study on Tea Industry

514. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that according to a study conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, India will have to import tea for domestic consumption if tea production does not pick up;

(b) if so, what steps are being taken to increase tea production; and

(c) what specific steps NABARD propose to take on a longterm basis for tea plantation in non-traditional areas?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Government is fully conscious of the situation that there is a need to increase tea production so as to meet the rising domestic consumption as well as to generate adequate exportable surplus for earning valuable foreign exchange for the country. For increasing tea production and processing capacities, Tea Board is providing financial assistance to the tea industry through its various development Schemes. Tea Board also provides financial assistance for expansion of tea cultivation in non traditional areas such as Orissa, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur Meghalaya and Mizoram. In order to improve the productivity of small tea gardens various special schemes have been launched by the Tea Board.

(c) The details regarding the NABARD's proposal are being ascertained.

नेशनल टैक्सटाइल कारपोरेशन द्वारा कपड़े का वार्षिक उत्पादन

515. श्री रणजीत सिंह : क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि नेशनल टैक्सटाइल कारपोरेशन कंट्रोल के कपड़े का भी उत्पादन करता है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान, वर्षवार, ऐसे कपड़े का कुल कितना वार्षिक उत्पादन हुआ था ;

(ग) क्या सरकार द्वारा ऐसा कपड़ा केवल आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्ग के लोगों को बेचने का कोई प्रस्ताव है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है, और यह कपड़ा कमजोर वर्गों के लोगों को सप्लाई करने के लिए वर्तमान में क्या प्रबंध किए गए हैं ?

वस्त्र तथा खाद्य प्रसंस्करण उद्योग मंत्री (श्री हुकुमदेव नारायण यादव) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) वर्ष 1987-88 से 1989-90 के दौरान राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम की मिलों द्वारा कन्ट्रोल के कपड़े के उत्पादन के ब्यौरे निम्नोक्त प्रकार हैं :—

वर्ष	उत्पादन (मिलियन वर्ग मीटर में)
1987-88	131.31
1988-89	149.09
1989-90	113.69

(ग) तथा (घ) : कन्ट्रोल के कपड़े का उत्पादन केवल समाज के कमजोर वर्गों के लिए किया जाता है और इसे निम्नोक्त के माध्यम से वितरित किया जा रहा है :—

1. राष्ट्रीय सहकारी उपभोक्ता परिसंघ एन.सी.सी.एफ.) ;

2. राज्य सहकारी परिसंघ ;

3. राज्य नागरिक आपूर्ति निगम ;

4. राष्ट्रीय वस्त्र निगम के सहायक निगमों द्वारा नियुक्त प्राधिकृत व्यापारी ; और

5. सहायक निगमों द्वारा चलाए जा रहे एन.टी.सी. के शोरूम ।

Branches of Public Sector Banks in Andhra Pradesh

516. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken to increase the number of branches of banks in Andhra Pradesh during the Seventh Plan period;

(b) what is the number of branches of different banks in rural and urban areas in Andhra Pradesh as on December 31, 1990;

(c) whether Government have a proposal to set up some new branches of different public sector banks in Andhra Pradesh in 1991-92; and

(d) if so, what would be their number and locations?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) Under the previous branch licensing policy, which was coterminus with the Seventh Five Year Plan period and which expired on 31st March, 1990, a total number of 491 centres were allotted to commercial banks for opening branches in Andhra Pradesh.

(b) As at the end of 30.6.90 (latest available), 4557 branches of commercial banks were functioning in Andhra Pradesh of which 2666 were in rural areas, 931 in semi-urban areas and 960 in urban and metropolitan areas.

(c) and (d) The guidelines for future branch licensing policy was issued to banks by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in September, 1990. The question of opening of additional bank branches in the State of Andhra Pradesh in rural areas will be considered by RBI as per those guidelines, in receipt of applications from banks in a consolidated manner through the Lead Banks and State Governments. As such, it is not possible to indicate the number of bank branches and their locations, to be opened during 1991-92 at this stage.

External aid for developing programmes in Andhra Pradesh

517. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Andhra Pradesh Government had sought any external aid